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Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
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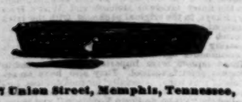
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Terms of payment are very favorable. ANDREW FINK, Executor.
Or to L. O. RIVES, Attorney at Law, Bayou Building, Memphis, Tenn.

THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Rhea & Gluskey.) MEMPHIS, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 287

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

The Princess Salm Salm is in New York.

In France the subscriptions for the Pope have reached 2,000,000 francs.

One Shepherd is to walk from Chicago to New Orleans, at the rate of seventy-five miles a day.

A newly installed lawyer in Eau Claire, Wisconsin, rejoices in the name of Texas Angel.

One of the sensations of Lafayette, Indiana, is a horse over six feet high, and only four years old.

George H. Pendleton is the favorite with the Indiana Democracy as a candidate for the Presidency.

General Ortego has been elected to the Mexican Congress.

A table once owned by Marie Antoinette, sold for $1,150 in New York, last week.

The ladies in Brazil expect, when they are introduced to a stranger, to be embraced.

A half bottle of wine for each inhabitant is daily produced in Italy.

A machine to extract the bones from shad is the latest invention.

Two pretty women had a duel in Kansas the other day, and one of them was shot dead. A lover was the cause.

General Steadman is lying dangerously ill at Washington from an attack of apoplexy.

The young Marquis of Bute, not yet of age, has an income of $750,000 a year.

The contagion of fashionable drunkenness is said to have broken out in Cincinnati among women of society.

The Portland (Maine) Mercantile Library Association has, it is said, offered Mr. Dickens $1,500 to give one reading in that city.

A Nevada man recently got drunk, killed a friend, and was hung by Judge Lynch, all within six hours.

The proposed Conservative Convention in North Carolina has been temporarily postponed.

General Hurlbut has issued an order for an assemblage of the Grand Army of the Republic at Philadelphia in National Convention, on the 16th of January next.

E. F. Pilsbury, the twice defeated Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine, will edit a daily paper to be started at Biddeford by Charles E. Shaw.

The New York *Evening Mail* states that in Brooklyn "more than the usual number of stores on the avenues have the sign 'to let,' displayed."

Colenso's opponents are determined he shall be ousted, although Mr. Butler, his contemplated successor, declines to be put in his place.

Rev. Edward Dunbar, the bigamist, was sent from Minneapolis on Tuesday to the Minnesota State prison at Stillwater. He is to stop there for six years. His wife immediately started for her home in Massachusetts.

In the Kentucky Senate, Wednesday, the following nominations were received from the Governor, and confirmed: Adjutant General, Frank Wolford; Quartermaster General, Fayette Hewitt; Secretary of State, Samuel B. Churchill.

The Odd Fellow membership, according to the report of its Grand Secretary, now numbers in the United States 217,886, nearly 34,000 having been added within a year. The receipts amounted to $1,965,718; relief dispensed, $690,675.

Edward Thornton, late Minister to Brazil, and recently appointed Ambassador to the United States, arrived at New York Wednesday, from Rio. The steamer by which he came brings a report that a formidable revolt had broken out in Paysandu.

Representative Carey, of Ohio, has presented a memorial in the House one hundred and fifty-two feet long, from the Western working men, asking that Congress may enact a law making eight hours a day's labor in Government workshops, etc.

John J. Huff, of Dalton, Georgia, in company with four others, invaded a negro hut one night last week, looking for a negro boy residing therein. Huff was in the act of lighting a candle, when the boy shot him dead, and then made his escape.

The New York *Tribune* pays yearly over $100,000 to editors and reporters, and over $100,000 for correspondence and telegraphing. These are only two of the items which enter into the cost of a daily newspaper. The receipts of the *Tribune* for 1866 were nearly $900,000.

General John C. Breckinridge and Colonel Burbank, of Kentucky, have gone from Paris to Egypt and the Holy Land. General Breckinridge's family remain in Paris during his absence. He and they will return to this continent in the spring. The General was in perfect health when he left Paris.

A special says the Senate Judiciary Committee expect to report upon the case of Senator Thomas, of Maryland, on Monday next. The Committee appear to be nearly or quite unanimous in favor of permitting him to take his seat, the evidence taken having failed to sustain the charges of disloyalty against him.

Moses Mason, formerly of this city, now of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, has recovered from a recent prolonged and severe attack of yellow fever. Though much reduced in *physique*, he is now drawing "full rations," and is again at his post in the office of the hotel.

Sumner has styled Andrew Johnson the successor of Jeff. Davis, through whom the rebellion had lived after Davis had been captured. In his characteristic style of gesture, and in a low down, sepulchral tone, he denounced the message as insulting to Congress and the country.

The bill to repeal the tax of two and a half cents per pound on raw cotton, which passed the House Wednesday, provides that all cotton grown in the Southern States shall be exempt from internal revenue tax after the year 1867. A substitute to exempt the present year's crop from tax was lost by a large majority.

A few days back the flight of a Liverpool solicitor was announced on the discovery of a defalcation of £40,000, the account being that a lady, one of the shareholders at the Royal Bank of Liverpool, had found, on applying for some funds which had been intrusted to him, and which she required to meet the call made upon her, that her property had been embezzled.

The Adams Express messenger on board the Linton was knocked down and robbed at Paducah, Wednesday night, of $4,000. When the boat landed he went to the office, got the money, and was returning with it in his hands, when two genteel looking strangers stopped him and asked him if he was the messenger. He attempted to give the alarm, but was knocked down, gagged, and carried off 100 yards, where he was robbed.

The following "affecting scene" occurred at the conclusion of the recent terrible mill between Collyer and Kelly: On the hundred and eleventh and last round, Collyer rushed at Kelly and hitting a heavy right-hander in the mouth knocked him down. The sponge was then thrown up in token of defeat and Sam Collyer hailed the victor. Kelly, the game fellow, was much mortified at the result and shed tears. Collyer went over to him and, putting his arms around him, also burst into tears.

The armies of Paraguay have offered to General Lopez, Commander-in-Chief of the army, to sell all their jewels and gold, to aid their country in maintaining the conflict against the Allies.

Governor Brownlow, says the New York *Tribune*, has done nothing for a long time which will so much delight all right thinking men as his late letter, which he took leave of Isham G. Harris, when that person returned from exile. The loyal Governor and the rebel ex-Governor met courteously, in a spirit which unfortunately has not been very common in the border States, and we are glad to see the rebel newspapers mention it as an example of the revival of a brotherly and forbearing sentiment between the long estranged citizens of a common country.

Ex-President Jefferson Davis attended the Catholic orphans' fair at Richmond, Thursday evening, and was formally presented with a splendid musical box. In reply, Mr. Davis said: "I thank you and the ladies and gentlemen for your kindness, and will place this with the gold headed cane presented to me by the Catholic ladies of Norfolk, who held a fair for a charitable purpose last spring. Your kindness will not be forgotten. The Catholics have always been my friends, and I cannot forget the circumstance that the Holy Father, the Head of your Church, was the first sovereign who sent his blessing in my misfortune. May God bless you all."

Jno. B. Brownlow writes to the Nashville *Union and Dispatch* saying: "By Governor Brownlow I am directed to state that he had not seen an account of Baker's testimony until he read it in your issue of to-day. Further, that if Baker made such a statement as is attributed to him, it is wholly false and without foundation. The Governor says he has no knowledge of such a letter as is referred to, and does not believe that President Johnson ever wrote a letter to Jeff. Davis or any one else, giving aid and comfort to the rebellion. He does not believe that Andrew Johnson's treachery to the Republic antedates his accession to the Presidency."

Complaint has been made of the manner in which the message was read Tuesday in both Houses of Congress. In the Senate Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, rose and requested the Secretary to correct his style of reading, while in the House several members express themselves as highly displeased with the manner of the Clerk (Mr. McPherson), who, they say, kept up a running comment upon the message by means of grimaces and contortions of the body. Mr. Burr, of Illinois, came near offering a motion that the Clerk be requested to read the message and leave comment to the members of the House.

An immense mass meeting was held on Wednesday evening at Cooper Institute of citizens favoring the nomination of General Grant for President. Wm. E. Dodge called the meeting to order, and nominated A. T. Stewart to the chair. The list of Vice Presidents included some of the most wealthy citizens of New York. Judge Hilton offered resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, presenting General U. S. Grant as the candidate of the "loyal" Union people of New York for the office of President of the United States. The President of the meeting was given authority to appoint a standing committee with power to take measures to effectuate its object and purposes. Speeches were made by Francis B. Cutting, General Sickles, Lyman Tremaine and Simeon B. Chittenden.

ALABAMA.

Negro Outrages in Bullock County.

They Resist a Civil Process, and Open a Court of their Own.

The Entire Population in Commotion.

Correspondence of the Montgomery Advertiser:

PEROTE, ALABAMA, December 1, 1867.

DEAR SIR.—The citizens of this place held a meeting on yesterday, for the purpose of memorializing General Swayne, in relation to certain things which have transpired here, and which have given just cause for alarm to the citizens. Owing to our former acquaintance and your acquaintance with General Swayne, they have requested me to address you, also, and endeavor to get assistance in having the Memorial presented, and the request of the people granted.

For the last several days the people have been kept in a state of alarm, growing out of the resistance of the negroes in this community to the execution of a civil process issued by Judge McCall. The negroes, it seems, belonging to the League at this place, through the instructions of certain leaders among them, and, I understand, some of them from your city, determined to form a code of laws to govern the negro population; and actually opened a court, officered and organized; and have been arresting by night all negroes that are opposed to, and speak any thing against their unlawful doings; and carried the matter of punishment so far, that one or two appealed to the civil authorities for protection.

A warrant was issued by Judge McCall last week, and the Deputy Sheriff came over to arrest the parties, on Thursday, and did arrest, that evening, the Sheriff and some of his deputies, and put them under guard. He went the next morning to Dr. Dawson's plantation, a mile or two from town, to arrest others, and when he had done so, a party of some forty negroes made their appearance, and defied him to take them off; cursed him and the white people, and told him that they would meet him and them in the open field, and test the matter as to who should be masters and rulers. Under these circumstances, the Sheriff came back and summoned the citizens to his aid.

As many as could be collected soon joined him, and went in pursuit. The negroes made their way toward the Springs, saying they would get the league there and at Chunennuggy. Hedge to join them, and about fifteen was to subdue the whites and take possession of the country. These reports were, no doubt, exaggerated, and the whole country for twenty miles round became excited, and came in to assist the civil authorities. The negroes mostly have come in or been brought in; and many of them have confessed that the reports in relation to a general rising and taking the country, and after exterminating the whites—were true; and that certain negroes came among them and instructed them; reading documents which they said were issued by General Swayne, by which they had a right to kill any and every body who resisted their authority. There was one thing that occurred, which was regretted and immediately condemned. On Friday, about ten o'clock, the negro meeting house, was by some evil disposed person, whether white or black we have no means of knowing, set on fire; and when discovered, too far burned for us to arrest the person; and it was consumed. It was done by no person of our community, and the people are not at all responsible. You will no doubt hear many exaggerated stories. These are the facts. You know me too well to believe that I would sanction violence and outlawry by any one, or any set of men whatever.

I wish you to see General Swayne, and to be present when he gets the memorial, and use your influence to get the matter attended to at once. The safety of both white and black demand prompt measures. I will say again in relation to the burning of the church, it is universally regretted, and the act condemned by every man whom I have heard express himself in relation to it. But whether done by white or black, and for what purpose, we cannot imagine. The people here feel apprehensive of danger to life and property, and ask the interference of General Swayne; and be so kind as to see him, and get him to take such steps immediately as will put a stop to the violent proceedings, which will, if not arrested, bring ruin to both races. I have written hastily, but have given the facts. I have been in the midst of all the excitement, and have used my best efforts to allay dissatisfaction on both sides, in order to prevent those evils which generally result in shame and regret.

I am, dear sir, as ever, yours,
J. M. CHAPPELL.

We understand, says the Montgomery *Advertiser*, that General Swayne has acted with great promptness in this matter, and has sent an officer of cavalry and detachment of the scene of trouble, and that it is likely the difficulty will be settled at once and without a collision of races.

P. S.—Since receiving the forgoing, a gentleman informs us that fifteen of the negro leaders have been arrested and confined in jail at Clayton to await their trial on the 17th of December, before Judge McCall, at Union Springs.

We further learn that the negroes have disbanded, gone back to their work, and that everything is now quiet.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TODAY'S NOON BREAKERS.

United States Treasury Statement.

The Whisky Tax To be Reduced.

American Citizens to be Protected.

Mexico and the Republic of Guatemala.

Bucobedo and the Island of Cuba.

Loss of the United States Steamers Suwanee and Monongahela.

NEW YORK, December 6.—A *Times'* special says the public debt statement will show an increase of eight or ten millions, owing to paying interest. Twenty-eight millions of coin will be required for the same purpose soon, but there are one hundred millions of coin in the treasury now.

A *Herald's* special says the whisky fraud investigating committee will urge a reduction of the tax to thirty cents, to be collected according to the capacity of the still.

The *Tribune's* special says that the House Committee on Foreign Affairs are unanimous of opinion that additional legislation is necessary for the protection of American citizens traveling abroad.

NEW YORK, December 6.—A special Mexican telegram from Havana states that a demand was about being made upon Guatemala for injuries sustained by the invasion of Chiapas.

Escobedo is reported to have said that 15,000 men could seize Cuba and hold it. Ortego is still a prisoner. The embalmer of Maximilian's remains has been prosecuted for selling relics of the Prince. Some of the members of Congress are in pursuit.

A *Herald's* special telegram from Havana containing further news from St. Thomas and the other West India Islands, confirms the report that the United States steamers DeSoto and Monongahela had been totally wrecked in a storm off Santa Cruz. The most of the crews were saved.

More earthquake shocks are reported and every body was trying to emigrate.

The Danish Commissioner had arrived to deliver the Island of St. Thomas to the United States frigate.

The Navara, with Maximilian's remains, left Havana yesterday for Trieste.

A letter from our Vice Consul at Havana, under date of the 27th ultimo, says the cholera still prevails there.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—Attorney General Stanberry has rendered the opinion that there is no doubt but the United States title to Harper's Ferry is perfect.

There is authority for stating that there will be a construction of legal tenders during December.

NEW YORK, December 6, 11 m.—Gold opened at 137¾ at 11 a.m., reached 137⅝, and is now 137¾. Cotton—Demand fair and prices firm.

PITTSBURG, December 6.—The river is falling, with twenty-two inches in the channel.

NEW ORLEANS, December 5.—Cotton active; estimated sales 12,000 bales; Orleans 73½; uplands 73d. Sales of the week 73,000 bales, of which 12,000 were for exportation. Stock on hand 452,000, of which 78,000 are American.

THE RADICALS IN COUNCIL.

Proceedings of their Congressional Caucus at Washington.

A caucus of Republican Congressman was held Wednesday night, pursuant to the following confidential circular issued a few days since:

ROOMS OF UNION REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE,
WASHINGTON, December, 1867.

SIR: A caucus of the Union Republican members of both Houses of Congress will be held in the Hall of Representatives on Wednesday evening, December 4th, at 8 o'clock, to hear the report of the Executive Committee on the present condition of the Southern campaign, and to consult as to the measures necessary to continue and complete the organization of the party in the unreconstructed States. Your attendance is earnestly requested, the object of the meeting being important. By order of

Hon. E. D. MORGAN, Chairman.
THOS. L. FULLOCK, Secretary.

Senator Morgan presided, and Representative Cullum, of Illinois, was elected Secretary.

Mr. Morgan said the objects of the meeting were to consider the best means of promoting the interests of the Republican party in the South.

General Schenck made a report of the expenses of conducting the Southern campaign thus far, and the funds collected for that purpose, showing that $40,673 50 had been spent, and $30,160 23 had been collected. He gave an additional statement of the labor performed and the documents distributed in the rebel States. He urged upon the caucus a continuation of its best efforts, so that the Republican party might get full control of the rebel States. He suggested that parties be sent down South to the conventions now in session, to see that they adopted the right kind of constitutions. All the information in possession of the Executive Committee, he said, came through the Freedmen's Bureau and the churches. He mentioned the Baptist and Methodist churches particularly. The Committee has very valuable aids. He recommended that the Committee have $20,000 raised immediately, to be spent during the winter and spring.

Judge Kelly agreed with General Schenck, except as to the amount to be raised. He thought $50,000 would be no more than enough for the great work that was yet to be done.

Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, thought the Republican party ought to buckle on its armor for a big fight this summer, and he knew of no better help than money to do the work. Congress ought immediately to amend the Reconstruction act so as to allow a majority of those voting to call a convention. As it now stands it requires "a majority of the registered voters," and left it in the power of rebels and copperheads to keep the Southern States out of the Union. He wanted them all to take part in the Presidential election, otherwise, he was not so sure about success next fall. Another thing that must be done, was the removal of every rebel now in office in the South. If such men as General Hancock were to rule the South, there was no telling what it would lead to. Congress must step in and put the rebels out if the Generals wouldn't.

Senator Chandler was the next speaker. He said more had been accomplished than he thought possible with the amount of money expended. There was no use in talking. It was a question of money after all, and the Republican party must "walk up to the captain's office and settle" every time. The issue between the next Presidential election, or the south "would go to the devil" and the Copperheads. He thought, if necessary, half a million could be raised, and the party was not broke yet, not any signs of it.

Senator Corbett, of Oregon, followed in a speech urging liberal assessments and prompt payments.

Mr. Maynard, of Tennessee, came next, and spoke to the same purpose. It was then proposed that a committee be appointed to raise funds, and that all the employes about the capital and elsewhere, in the pay of Congress, be called upon for a donation. This motion was carried, and the caucus adjourned, no other subject but that indicated above being taken up.

Adjourn!

The following is said to be a true copy of a dispatch from General Pope to Major General Swayne:

[COPY.]
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, December 2, 1867.
To Brevet Major General Swayne, United States Army, &c.:

Cannot the Convention be induced to adjourn without further legislation? They are doing incalculable injury to reconstruction by their late action.

(Signed) JOHN POPE,
Brevet Major General United States Army Commanding.

We further learn, says the Montgomery *Advertiser*, this is not the only dispatch of the same tenor that General Pope has sent to the Convention.

A negro in Autauga county, Alabama, returned to his home a few days ago, after a short absence, and finding another negro enjoying the society of his wife, shot and stabbed him to death.

It is on dit at the French Legation at Washington, that the Duchess Pontalba is about to marry Gen. Messelbrunner, of New Orleans, one of the most beautiful blondes now in Paris.

Prior to the war the bank circulation of Augusta, Georgia, amounted to but $30,000. All of which was wall and profitably employed in legitimate trade. Now the available bank circulation is about $940,000.

Queen Victoria has taken a firm stand as to the price she will pay her butcher. The parties who supply the Royal Palaces of Ilfe. One of the latter informed that they must accept eight pence half-penny per pound for the mutton, or the Queen's household will be withdrawn.

While the steamship Bonhomme, which plies between Liverpool and Geneva, carrying cattle and goats, was loading at her wharf at Liverpool at seven o'clock Friday, an accident occurred which caused the loss of fifty-three of the latter. One of the boilers of the steamer exploded with a loud report that was distinctly felt throughout the whole city. Fifty-three persons were killed outright, and many others injured. The steamship was entirely destroyed.

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1867. DECEMBER. 1867.
Sweeping Reduction
IN PRICE OF
CLOTHING.
We offer our entire Stock of
BUSINESS SUITS
—AND—
OVERCOATS
—AT THE—
Lowest Possible Prices
Guaranteeing to the Purchaser
That we will not be Undersold.
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THOMAS & ARNOLD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, ETC.,
No. 303 Main Street,
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Nos. 91, 93 & 95 Adams Street, Memphis, Tenn.
W. B. CRIBBS,
(Late with Taylors, McEwen & Riley.)
Is associated with us, and will give his personal attention to the sale of Cotton.
All Cotton consigned to us by steamboats will be insured against fire, unless otherwise ordered. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
POWER & McGEOY,
MERCHANT TAILORS
338 Second Street.
Are just receiving their stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Cloths, Over Coatings, Cassimeres.
Doeskins and Vestings, of Latest Styles.
Which we will make to order at shortest notice. Call and examine our goods and prices and be convinced.

$100,000.
CLOTHING, CLOTHING
MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.
CLOTHING, CLOTHING
$100,000 worth of
SEASONABLE WINTER CLOTHING
AND
Furnishing Goods,
FOR
MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILDREN'S WEAR
THE largest and most complete stock ever offered in Memphis.
Prices Reduced to Suit the Times.
ALL SIZES, from three year old boy to the largest size in stock.
ALL QUALITIES, from the low price medium to the finest and most fashionable cut.
CALL AND SEE US
327 Main Street.
J. D. WILLIAMS.
KEEP THE BALL MOVING!
Encourage Home Trade
J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS
AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,
No. 294 Main Street,
Clark's Marble Block.
OUR Goods are all entirely new, and we are determined to UNDERSELL any house in the city. We are no branch of any New York house, but buy for cash, and we DON'T wonder the money we make of it, lives in some NORTHERN city.
Our Tailoring Department Cannot be Excelled.
Suits made to order at very short notice and at the very Lowest Prices. Encourage HOME TRADE and give us a call, and we will endeavor to merit your patronage. Yours, &c.
J. H. WAGGENER & CO.,
No. 294 Main Street.
ALEX. MURRAY. A. RIDGELEY
MURRAY & RIDGELY.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 8 MADISON STREET,
Merchant Tailoring Goods.
We make every garment sent out and will guarantee all fabrics in every respect.
To Property Holders
ALL owners of City Real Estate, and all agents of same, are requested to call at the office of the undersigned, in the Mayor's City Hall building, and subscribe to the Memphis and Shelby County Directory, now in course of publication.
GEORGE PARK,
JOHN T. TENNYSON,
Agents.
New Stock.
OUR Thousand Cases of LEATHERS, SHOES and BROGANS are now complete in every department, and we are prepared to sell our goods at the lowest prices. Our stock of Boots and Shoes is the largest and most complete ever offered in this market, and we invite the attention of the trade to it.
JOHNSON, LEVITT & CO.,
No. 305 Main street, one door South of Gayoso.
A few cases of Boots and Shoes damaged by water, will be sold at a bargain.
Reopening.
THE CAPITOL SALOON, Whisky Circle, has been refitted and refurnished, and is now open to the public. Everything will be kept in first class order.
ROBERT WEBBER, Proprietor.

INSURANCE.
STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
NORTH AMERICAN FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
ON THE 1st DAY OF OCTOBER, 1867
Made to the Controller of the State of Tennessee, pursuant to the Statutes of that State.
Located at Hartford, Connecticut.
Amount Capital stock is $200,000 00
Amount Capital Stock paid up is 200,000 00
ASSETS.
Cash on hand $1,126 12
Cash in Charter Oak National Bank 25,000 00
Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission 2,000 00
Bonds owned by the Company, viz: 247,000 00
Debts secured by Mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate 1,000 00
Debts otherwise secured 1,500 00
Debts for Premiums 5,000 00
All other securities 21,000 00
Interest Accrued 2,000 00
Interest Accrued 736 47
All other property of the Company 1,565 00
Total Assets of the Company $308,429
LIABILITIES.
Due or not due to Banks or other creditors ..... None.
Losses adjusted, due ..... None.
Losses not due 6,000 00
In suspense and awaiting further proof ..... None.
All other claims against the Company ..... None.
The greatest amount insured in any one risk is $10,000.
The greatest amount insured in any one city, town or village No risk.
The greatest amount insured in any one locality, not specified. No risk.
(Signed) W. C. HASTINGS, President.
J. G. BLISS, Secretary.
STATE OF TENNESSEE, CONTROLLER'S OFFICE.
NASHVILLE, October 11, 1867.
I, S. W. Blackburn, Controller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the North American Fire Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of this State, and has also complied with the requirements of the laws of said State, entitled "An act to provide revenue for the State," passed March 21, 1865, and the several acts amendatory thereof, and that said Company is now authorized to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Nashville, Tennessee.
S. W. BLACKBURN,
(Signed) Controller of Tennessee.
This certificate of agency must be renewed the first days of January in every year.

S. R. CLARKE & CO., AGENTS,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
CONDITION
OF THE
Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY
ON THE 1ST DAY OF JULY, 1867.
1st. Value of the Company—Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, Chief office in Liverpool, England: Branch in New York.
2d. Amount of Capital Stock authorized $10,000,000
3d. Capital paid in ..... $ 1,875,000 00
Life Reserve ..... $ 500,000 00
Reserve Fund ..... 1,437,500 00 Gold.
Undivided Profit 175,000 00
$3,987,500 00
4th. Assets of the Company in the United States:
1st. Cash in hands of Agents ..... $ 92,388 12
Cash on hand 36,597 75
2d. Real Estate owned by the Company, unincumbered $52,772 86
3d. Bonds owned by the Company, viz.:
$40,000 United States 6 per Cents, registered and coupon.
10,000 United States 10-40 Bonds, coupon.
GOLD— 25,000 San Francisco city and county 7 per cent. Bonds.
GOLD— 25,000 San Francisco city and county 6 per cent. Bonds.
14,000 Virginia State registered 6 per cent. Bonds.
$114,000 ..... $161,382 62
4th. Debts of the Company, secured by mortgage $16,200 00
5th. Debts otherwise secured 25,000 00
6th. Debts for Premiums $121,749 00
7th. All other Securities ..... None
Total Assets $561,281 98
5th. Liabilities of the Company:
5th. The amount of Liabilities of the Company, due or not due, to Banks or other Creditors ..... None
6th. Losses adjusted and due ..... None
7th. Losses adjusted and not due $6,000 00
8th. Losses resisted ..... None
9th. Losses in suspense, waiting further proof $121,749 00
10th. All other claims against the Company, Voucher No. 1 ..... None
11th. The greatest amount allowed by the risks of the Company to be located in any city, town or village $5,000,000
12th. The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one block ..... No Rule
13th. The Act of Incorporation of the Company ..... Next forward
STATE OF NEW YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss.
ALFRED PELL, Jr., of said city, being duly sworn, says that he is the Resident Secretary of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company; that he has read the statement of the condition of said Company, as on the 1st day of July, 1867, and the same is a true and correct statement of the condition of said Company on the 1st day of July, 1867, and further saith not.
(Signed) ALFRED PELL, Jr.,
Resident Secretary.
Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.
Sworn to before me this 8th day of October, 1867.
(Signed) JOHN F. DOYLE,
Notary Public, New York County.
STATE OF NEW YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss.
I, WILLIAM C. CONNER, Clerk of the City and County of New York, and also Clerk of the Supreme Court for the said city and county, having Courts of Record, do hereby certify that John F. Doyle, before whom the annexed deposition of John, was, at the time of taking the same, a Notary Public in and for New York, dwelling in said city and county, duly appointed and sworn, and authorized to administer oaths to be used in any Court in said state, and for general purposes; and that his signature thereto is genuine, as I verily believe.
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said Court, and county, the 8th day of October, 1867.
(Signed) WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.
STATE OF TENNESSEE,
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, November 4, 1867.
I, S. W. BLACKBURN, Controller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, located at Liverpool, England, and at the State of New York, in the United States, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on insurance companies, and that said Company is now authorized to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Nashville, Tennessee.
Witness my official signature, this 4th day of November, 1867.
S. W. BLACKBURN,
Controller of Tennessee.
Agency Established at 66 Wall Street, New York, 1846.
Capital in Gold, : : : : $5,000,000
Surplus in Gold, : : : : : 3,000,000
Policies Issued upon all the Improved Plans.
Death by Suicide, Hand of Justice or Duelling does not work Forfeiture of Policies in this Company.
Thirty Days' Grace Allowed on Annual Premiums.
GEORGE W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL AGENT FOR TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY
TENNESSEE STATE
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE
A Home Company Devoted to Home Interests.
None but First Class Risks Taken—Policies Issued from One Month to Six Years.
Officers:
JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., ... J. M. KEATING,
President. Secretary.
A. S. LACEY, ... C. J. SELDEN,
Vice President. Treasurer.
ROWELL B. JACKSON, Attorney.
Directors:
R. M. CRAWFORD, ... WM. M. GARVIN,
JOHN A. LEA, ... L. J. WILKES,
WM. C. BLACK, Jr., ... JOHN HARTLEY,
C. J. SELDEN, ... JOHN M. KEATING,
M. J. KELLEY, ... W. M. KEATING.
CALL at the office of the Company for full information. Warranty at all risks insurers can save fifty per cent. of insurance elsewhere.
OFFICE
IN STAIRS IN GOLDEN BLOCK, 16 MADISON STREET.
LOUIS' RESTAURANT,
L. H. TREMPE, Proprietor
No. 278 1-2 Shelby Street, Three Doors North of the Gilsert Hotel.
THIS establishment, having in the Gayoso Restaurant, is now open to the public. Meals at all hours. Every delicacy that the market affords can be had at this house. Give us a call and be convinced.

COTTON AND COMMISSION
RICHARD FARES, E. J. POTTER,
J. M. KINNEY, late of Memphis.
HANKS, PORTER & CO.,
(BAYLOR B. PORTER, Traveling Agent.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 45 VINE STREET,
CINCINNATI, O.
DOUGLAS FOWLKES, THOMAS P. ADAMS, WM. A. STEFFEY
WITH
FOWLKES & STEFFEY,
(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.)
Cotton Factors
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
193 Second and 43 Washington Sts.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
AGENTS for the sale of the PREMIUM COTTON GINS made by W. A. Stanford Brown & Co., Columbus, Ga. Also, agents for the GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS, Hendersonville, N. C. Rates on hand, for sale

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR MAYOR—W. G. LOFLAND is a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor at the approach ensuing election in January.

FOR CITY TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce J. P. PATTON as a candidate for City Tax Collector at the ensuing election in January.

FOR WHARFMASTER—We are authorized to announce STEVE WILKINS as Independent candidate for Wharfmaster at the ensuing election in January.

FOR SHARPSHOOTER—We are authorized to announce ROBERT GOOD as a candidate for the office of Wharfmaster at the ensuing election.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.—THOMAS MAJOR is a candidate for re-election to the office of Street Commissioner, at the ensuing January election.

FOR SHERIFF—We are authorized to announce AMOS R. CORRY as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing election in January, 1868.

FOR CITY TAX COLLECTOR OR PRIVILEGES.—We are authorized to announce WILLIAM UNDERWOOD as a candidate for the office of City Tax Collector or Privileges at the ensuing election.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER—EDWARD KIERAN is a candidate for the office of Street Commissioner, at the next Municipal election.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER.—We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES FORD, ex-Alderman, as candidate for re-election to the office of Street Commissioner for the City of Memphis, at the ensuing election in January next, 1868.

FOR MAYOR—WM. H. FITCH, Jr., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing Municipal election.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—We are authorized to announce JAMES BOWDON as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the ensuing election in January next.

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A practical DISTILLER and COOPER. None but first-class need apply. Address W. C. TUCKER, Columbus, Miss.

WANTED—A Lady of intelligence, Virginia, desires a situation to teach in a private family as Governess. Will teach the English branches, Music, French and Latin. Prefers to travel with the family, rather than reside in one place. For further information address Mrs. E. F. RIDLEY, Richmond, Virginia.

WANTED—A situation by a competent Book-keeper. Address "CLERK," Lock Box 520.

WANTED—A good MILLINER and DRESSMAKER; one who understands her business, to go to Columbus, Miss. To a lady who is a first-class hand, permanent employment will be given, and liberal wages. Apply at once to or address M. LEVY, Columbus, Mississippi. Must be supplied by the first of January, or sooner.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. Seventy Machines ordered will find it greatly to our interest to send for our terms. Address PRATT & INGRAM, 50 Second street, Memphis.

WANTED EVERYWHERE, AGENTS—Male and Female, to take Orders for the genuine IMPROVED Celebrated JAMES FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Price only $25. This machine will stitch, Hem, Fell, Bind, Braid, Cord and Tuck, under it a most superior manner, do all kinds of Lock-Stitch. The cash cannot be paid for less than $50 per month, or a commission of 25 per cent. on sales. Every Machine warranted for three years. We will pay the above salary to agents, or a commission to them from which twice that amount can be made. Address HINDS & MCFARLAND, N. Louisville, Ky.

LADY-OH. Do not be imposed upon by parties palming off some home-made machine for the late celebrated Wheeler & Wilson. I agree to be the OWNER of 1 as fine Rosewood Machine as any agent has to sell, and will sell it for only $50, and fully guarantee it for ten years. Call at once at 304 Main street, Memphis. Tenn. M. MACHIA & CO.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE. Price only $25. Warranted for three years. Send for circular. Address STAR SHUTTLE MACHINE CO., 304 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Families of long standing can be accommodated with board and lodging, in a central location, with for short or permanent boarders. Day boarders can be accommodated at No. 294 Second street, between Union and Beale.

BOARD—Two well furnished Front Rooms for a gentleman and wife, can be had at 110 Court street, by early application. Rent low for winter.

LOST.

$100 REWARD! $100 REWARD!!—Lost or stolen, on the night of the 5th inst., between Court and Beale, Third and Fourth, Parkinson make, pendant winding, gold lever WATCH. Large size Chain—the latter a heavy gold Chain—the initials, 15 cts. on it. Part, rain, generally on the inside. I will give the above reward for the recovery of said Watch and Chain and ask no questions. M. COHN, Jr., Room No. 1, Pope-Rice Hotel Building.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A neat Frame Residence, containing seven rooms, excellent cistern, kitchen and smoke-house, situated on south-east corner of Main and Beale streets. Also a Store 20 by 30 Beale street, near Main. Apply to S. C. CREIGHTON, No. 352 Front row, Court square.

FOR RENT—The elegant PLANTATION of John Wilkes, large dwelling, 10-7 miles on 10 of Memphis, on Ind street, and 7 any above overtime. Outbuildings all new, fenced land, good orchard, fishing, etc. Will be rented to a good tenant for no equaling 1 year. For terms and particulars apply to J. H. WAGENER, 194 Main street, or 10 Madison street, on the premises.

FOR RENT—Storehouse, No. 248 Front street, under Commercial Hotel, with or not with dwelling. Apply to MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO. No. 1 Howard's Row.

FOR RENT—One New Brick Storehouse, No 2 Howard's Row. Rent low if rented by 10 Sept. Apply to 11 West Court street.

FOR RENT—STORES AND OFFICES on the corner of Monroe and passage streets; Cottage residence on Court street; several Several Tenements on Second st. and 3rd st., also, A LARGE WAREHOUSE No. 229 Second street. Apply to W. J. ESTES. 2 1-2 or 3rd st.

OFFICES TO RENT—In our new building, 37 Adams street, with superior conveniences. Apply to WINNESETT, OLT & CO.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Two hundred and fifty acres of Land, nearly all under fence—the plantation known as the "Scott homestead," lying on both sides of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, embracing Rose's station, fifteen miles from Memphis. Orchards, garden spot. Apply to E. HART, one half mile from station.

HOMES! HOMES! HOMES!

I WILL SELL OR LEASE ON TEN YEARS' TIME, PAYABLE QUARTERLY, to suit the purchaser, some 200 acres, of any size, suitable for residences, gardens, etc.; also, two or three small Cottage Houses, with 5 rooms each. CHEAP HOUSES. CHEAP VERY MODERATE. Call soon and take your choice. E. B. THOMAS.

FOR SALE—Two fine Brunswick BILLIARD TABLES, nearly new, and in good order. Will be sold very low if applied for soon. Apply to C. W. WICKERSHAM, South-east Corner of Jefferson and Third streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—All persons interested are notified that the undersigned will apply for letters of administration upon the estate of ANNE NA. ORTH, deceased, at the next term of the County Court of Shelby county. FRANK VACCARO, NICHOLAS MALATESTA.

THE Healing Pool are House of Mercy—Howard Association Rooms for the poor. Dr. J. H. DIXON, Physician and Surgeon, 307 Second street, between Jefferson and Adams, Memphis, Tenn. Diseases of the Eye and Ear a specialty. Artificial Eyes inserted. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Consultation free.

NOTICE—The "CLARK HOTEL," New Orleans, La., having changed hands, will be thoroughly renovated and refurnished during the summer, and on the first of November the house will be ready for the reception of guests. The undersigned respectfully solicits the patronage of the friends of the late Mr. Clark and the public generally. Rates will be reasonable, and every attention paid to the comfort of guests. O. E. HALL.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1867

THE Southern people begin to see the beginning of the end. For near two years we have prophesied that the South would eventually be converted into another San Domingo, Hayti, or Jamaica, but we had no idea that these scenes would culminate so soon. The Northern people have but little conception of the condition of affairs in the South. Every day the negro is becoming more demoralized. The whites live in awe and constant dread of the evils that are rapidly approaching and which seem to be inevitable. We have already published an account of the troubles that exist in Arkansas. We understand that almost every planter in Louisiana has lost money in raising cotton because the negro will not work, preferring to spend his time in attending loyal leagues, political meetings, and in discussing politics. The heart of the patriot and the philanthropist bleeds when he sees the suffering in this city. There are twenty thousand negroes in Memphis, living in filth, rags, poverty and want. One of the gentlemen engaged in taking the census for this city, says that our citizens do not realize the troubles that will develop themselves during the present month. He informs us that during his peregrinations through the city in the discharge of his official duty, he found thousands of negroes without shelter, food or fire. He represents in one locality four or five thousand negroes living in ignorance, licentiousness, and abject poverty. They cannot survive the winter without working or stealing. They have already commenced the latter, as almost every hog and cow in the city is stolen. Farmers in the country inform us that scarcely a day passes without their losing some of their cattle and hogs. Talk to these creatures about their condition—the misery that is about to overtake them—and they will immediately commence an eulogy upon BROWNLOW, or give an expression as to their preference between SHAW and BEECHER, or which is the greater man, HUNTER or LEWIS. In Alabama the prospect is still more gloomy. The cotton fields are deserted, and the negroes seem to be impressed with the belief that freedom means idleness and vice. To show the condition of affairs in this State, we have only to republish the telegraphic dispatches which appeared in our paper yesterday morning. Alarming excesses were recently committed by blacks in Bullock county, in the neighborhood of Perote. The colored Loyal Leagues organized, and resisted processes of the civil authorities. Under instructions from colored emissaries, they formed a code or laws, opened court, officered and organized, arrested by might all blacks who opposed their unlawful proceedings, and carried punishment so far that their victims applied to the civil authorities for the protection of the blacks. The sheriff and his deputy were finally arrested, but other insurrectionary leaders organized the negroes and made an armed resistance. Aid from the other leagues was summoned, and blacks flocked to Union Springs, threatening a general rising, the extermination of the whites, and to take possession of the country. Black leaders went to the plantations and forced the laborers to join them for vengeance, showing pretended orders from General SWAYNE to prove that they had the right to kill all who attempted to resist their authority. During the excitement the negro churches at Perote was burned by unknown parties. It is alleged that it was done by the black leaguers to inflame the negroes. The whites universally regret it. The white citizens have organized for protection. General SWAYNE was appealed to, and sent a detachment of troops promptly to the scene of trouble, to restore order. Fifteen black insurrectionists have been arrested and lodged in jail, to be tried by civil authority. At last accounts, order had been restored, and all was quiet. In Florida, the condition of the people is equally as deplorable. Robbery and plunder are daily reported. The cotton crop is a signal failure, and the little that matured is carried away by the negroes, if not from the field, from the gin houses, scores of which have been broken into and plundered. But little corn was raised, and that little is going the way of the cotton. Cattle, hogs and sheep are nightly massacred by the freedmen and carried off. One gentleman had three cattle shot on one day, but the wounded animals made their way home before they were captured by the desperadoes. A lady who, a few months ago, had over eleven hundred head of sheep, has not one to her name to-day—all killed and carried off by negroes. It is believed that cotton planting on a large scale has ceased in Florida, at least under the present system of labor, over which the employer seems to have no control. With the failure of the great staple, and the plunder of the remnant of the crop, which might in part have paid the advances for raising the same, and without corn to last longer than the opening of the year, the majority of the planters in Florida are truly in a pitiable condition.

This condition of affairs has been produced by the Radicals, who have impressed the negroes with the belief that freedom means idleness, theft and Loyal Leagues. The bitter and unrelenting crusades of the Radical party upon the South will ultimately culminate in a harvest of woes upon the people, both white and black. It was precisely by such a state of feeling and such a combination of influences that the groundwork was laid for the outrages in San Domingo, which destroyed the white race there, and entailed a succession of horrors which no pen can describe, and no imagination conceive. Anticipating the evils which are inevible, many of our citizens are flying from the country. Men who are able are removing their families North, in order to avoid the evils which threaten the South under negro rule and Radical domination. The conduct of the negro is strange, in view of the fact that the whites of the South have shown a spirit of kindness and a disposition to cultivate good feeling between the races. Old masters have been anxious to secure the services of old servants at fair wages. In nine cases out of ten, this disposition on the part of the whites has been treated with scorn by the blacks, in showing a preference to being employed by strangers, or persons with whom they have not lived. Yet there are thousands of instances in which old servants have become afflicted and needy, and have returned to their old owners for help and been relieved. As a general rule, the blacks have not sought instruction in political matters from their old friends, but from strangers. Trifling white or colored men, hitherto known to be men of little influence among us, have suddenly acquired a power over the colored people, and are leading them like sheep to the ballot box. Perhaps the best evidence of the utter disqualification of the masses of the colored people to vote is to be found in the fact that blacks go almost *en masse* as they are led or controlled by the Leagues or their leaders. The character of the men for whom they vote appears to be a matter of total indifference. Men unknown, yet connected with the Leagues are taken up and voted for by them, without regard to their former position or their qualifications. As a class, the blacks seem determined not to believe what the truest men in the country tell them. Their old masters, to whom they go for help pecuniarily, are not consulted, or their advice is totally ignored; so potent is the controlling influence exercised over them by the persons we have described.

The State Convention of the Radical party of Alabama, assembled at Montgomery on Monday night. The following nominations were made: Governor, Wm. H. Smith, of Randolph; Lieutenant Governor, A. J. Applegate, of Madison; Secretary of State, Chas. A. Miller; Auditor, R. M. Reynolds; Superintendent of Education, N. B. Cloud; Treasurer, Arthur Bingham; Commissioner of Internal Resources, J. C. Keffer; Attorney General, Littleberry Strange; Judges of the Supreme Court, B. F. Saffold, Thos. M. Peters, and E. W. Peck. Of course all these nominations are contingent upon the rehabilitation of Alabama by Congress.

In the House of Representatives, on the 3d, Mr. Arnell, the rebel leather contractor, denied giving aid and comfort to the rebellion (?)

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

House bill re-incorporating the New Orleans and Ohio Air Line railroad, was adopted in lieu of the Senate bill on same subject, and passed third reading.

The consideration of the Governor's message in regard to the appointment of a Police Commissioner for Nashville, being in order, Mr. Spurling, the appointment made by the Governor, was confirmed.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE.

The bill for the repeal of the 16th section was taken up as unfinished business.

Mr. Blackman: An amendment; that the further consideration of this act be referred to the voters of the State for ratification or rejection, and if a majority of said voters vote for the ratification thereof, it shall become a law; and the election to be held at next State election. Lost—ayes 20; nays 53.

Mr. Waters: An amendment to change the enacting clause of the bill under discussion, and also the adoption as follows:

To remove all disabilities for holding office or sitting on juries on account of race or color.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That on and after the passage of this act there shall be no disqualification for holding office or sitting on juries on account of race or color.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with the first section of this act be, and they are hereby repealed.

Mr. Waters made a long speech in favor of his amendment.

Mr. Hamilton was ready to go for the amendment. He believed it was the question squarely. He had no scruples on the constitutional question, and therefore favored the original bill.

For his own part, he would prefer to see seats in his House occupied by colored men than by rebels who had once occupied them. If the bill should fail, he would go home and favor the election of a colored man to some office, and let the matter be taken up to the Supreme Court and have the constitutionality of the 16th section tested.

This declaration was greeted with applause by the colored men who crowded the galleries, and the Speaker inquired if the weak kneed opponents of the measure *heard the thunder*.

Messrs. Bean and Williams also urged the adoption of the amendment.

Mr. Ryder didn't see it in that light. If the 16th section was admitted to be a part of the Constitution, then it was not in the power of the House to remove these restrictions by amending the code. If the amendment were adopted the right of the colored man to sit upon juries or to hold office would be contested, and the question must go up to the Supreme Court and would be unsettled for two years to come.

After much debate the amendment was adopted, Ayes 46, nays 28.

The previous question was called and the bill as amended passed its second reading, ayes 50, nays 25. Affirmative, Messrs. Allen, Anderson, Bean, Brown, Bloom, Bowen, Brewer, Cary, Cogle, Cason, Dowdy, Faulkner, Galbraith, Graves, Griffith, Gilmer, Hewett, Hamilton of Shelby, Hunt, Hacker, Jordon, Kercheval, Lillard, Melvin, Morris, Martin, McNairy, Mynatt, Mason, Moore, Poston, Porter, Prosser, Prestwood, Reeves, Robinson, Ryder, Roach, Sparkman, Stone, Taylor of Perry, White of Bradley, White of Green, Woodcock, Walker, Waters, Williams, Wines and Mr. Speaker Richards—50.

Noes—Messrs. Agee, Baker, Bowles, Blackman, Childs, Cordell, Dyer, Grayson, Hale, Hodges, Hammer, Inman, of Knox, Inman of Cocke, Johnson, Myers, McFall, Packwood, Rice, Sparkman of Carter, Thornburgh of Granger, Thornburgh of Jefferson, Thompson, Turner and Woodard—28.

Senate bill No. 11—To incorporate the Colored Banking and Real Estate Association of Memphis. The Committee on Incorporations reported in favor of the rejection of an amendment to incorporate a pawnbrokers' association in Memphis.

Mr. White, of Bradley, moved to nonconcur in the report of the committee. He could see no objection to legalizing an establishment of that kind in Memphis. It was better that this kind of business should be regulated by law than to be carried on secretly.

Mr. Ryder, hoped the House would not thrust upon Memphis a corporation, the charter for which was not solicited by any citizen of Memphis, and which the representatives from Memphis would not support.

Mr. White inquired what there was in the amendment in which objection was made.

Mr. Richards replied that there was an attempt to secure the authority to do a banking business under the name of a pawnbroker's shop.

The amendment was lost, and the bill passed.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Important Special Orders from General Hancock.

Abolition of the Laws of the State of Louisiana.

The Radical Convention Substitutes the English Code.

All State Laws to be Promulgated in the English Language Only.

Capital Punishment Forever Abolished.

Proceedings of the Fortieth Congress.

Postponement of Drake's Resolution of Censure.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.

Special Order No. 204 appoints Charles O. Dage Judge of the Second Judicial District Court of Louisiana, vice A. Casabat, declined—the latter not being willing to take the oath prescribed by the reconstruction bill, and which General Hancock requires of all appointees.

The resolution fixing the compensation of members shall begin from date of election or appointment.

In discussing the resolution, a colored member said they had been slaves long enough, and now wanted to enjoy some of the luxuries of freedom. He said he wanted all the money that could be got.

The resolution was adopted by yeas 65, nays 22.

The following was offered yesterday, as an article to the proposed constitution:

Resolved, That the faith of the State shall never again be pledged to protect the lauded monopoly of the Mississippi bottoms, by the erection of levees or otherwise; but the State may assist in reclaiming said lands from inundation whenever such a system of agricultural economy shall be adopted as will secure to the real tillers of the soil the just and legitimate fruits of his labor, by an equitable distribution of the right of ownership in homestead farms. Referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

A series of articles for incorporation in the constitution were offered and referred to the Committee on Schedule and Ordinance, of which the following are extracts:

The system of laws heretofore in use in the State, and known as the civil law system, together with all statutes enacted by previous legislatures, in accordance therewith, together with the revised statutes, civil code and code of practice, are hereby abolished, and the common law of England is adopted as the law of Louisiana; and all statutes of a general nature, and not local to that kingdom, passed prior to the fourth year of the reign of King James, are also adopted as the laws of this State, until repealed by future legislation. Except the common law statutes and provisions for imprisonment for debt; provides that no person shall ever be arrested or imprisoned for debt in this State; that the common law, as hereby adopted, shall go into operation and be in force within six months from the date of the promulgation of this constitution; that the laws, public records and all records of judicial and legislative proceedings of this State shall be promulgated and preserved in the English language only; all publications of the same in foreign languages is hereby forever prohibited; all legal papers, proceedings or contracts drawn or executed in any other language than the English, after the common law goes into operation, shall be null and void. Capital punishment in this State is hereby forever abolished."

Resolved, That no company or corporation now existing, or hereafter created, in this State, shall make any distinction of race or color in its rules or regulations.

Referred to the Committee on Bill of Rights.

The Committee on Bill of Rights reported article one, section twelve of which provides that no public funds shall be bestowed upon any charitable or public institution in this State that makes any distinction among the citizens thereof. Section two of the same article provides that the military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power. Section three of this article is as follows: "To guard against the transgression of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that every thing in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government, and shall forever remain inviolate." Article ordered to be printed.

A resolution inviting Thomas W. Conway to address the Convention was offered, inserting also the name of Miss Edmonia G. Highgate, an intelligent colored woman, of New Orleans. The whole subject was tabled.

General Hancock's order of yesterday, revoking Sheridan's jury order, was elicited by representations of eminent judicial officers that the course of justice was impeded by that order. Under it, it was almost impossible to obtain juries that could read or write, and it was almost certain, should convictions be obtained, the proceedings would be set aside by the Supreme Court.

The following resolution was offered in Convention to-day by a negro member:

WHEREAS, By the acts of Congress known as Military Reconstruction acts and acts supplementary thereto, this Convention is not only empowered to make a Constitution, but to found a civil government. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That this Convention shall immediately take prompt measures to form a civil government loyal to the United States, and so enact as to have it organized throughout the State previous to submitting the Constitution to the people for ratification. Laid over.

The resolution indorsing the levee bonds came up for action to-day, and was tabled by a vote of 76 to 12.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 6.

The Senate to-day postponed further legislation on the question of admitting negroes to office and the jury box, until January 13.

The omnibus bill appropriating from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 for State aid to railroads, has passed its final reading in the House, and is now a law.

The Republican caucus at the Capitol, to-night, passed a resolution requesting the State Central Committees to postpone State Conventions until Monday, January 22.

Several petitions were presented.

The Secretary of the Treasury requested to know whether since the 23d of June, 1866, any unexpended balance for appropriations, for objects named, had been used for any other purpose.

Mr. Grimes introduced a bill setting aside from the surplus naval pension fund the sum of $250,000, for the purpose of forming a nucleus of a navy insurance fund. Referred to Naval Committee.

A resolution was adopted directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate of the nature of the commission given to Edward Cooper, and the length of time it has to run.

Mr. Drake's resolution, censuring the President, was postponed until Tuesday next.

Mr. Edmund's bill, pledging the faith of the United States to pay the public debt, was taken up in committee and various amendments proposed. No result attained.

Several resolutions touching the finances were offered and referred.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, December 6.

The Cumberland river has come up two and a half feet, and is still rising.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, December 6.

The river is stationary, with two feet nine inches in the canal. Weather clear and temperate.

Some enterprising gentlemen are starting a broom factory in Tullahoma, Tennessee. We are glad to chronicle the enterprise, and wish them unbounded success.

The act removing all disabilities for holding offices or sitting on juries on account of race or color, passed the House Monday by fifty yeas to twenty-five nays, being exactly two to one.

The New York Church Union, that advocates the election of Fred. Douglas to the Vice Presidency, pronounced the New York Independent, edited by Theodore Tilton, an *Infidel sheet*. "Satin rebuking sin."

Foster Blodgett, who was not officer in the Confederate army, and is now Postmaster at Augusta, Georgia, has been held to bail in the sum of $10,000 by the United States Court to answer a charge of perjury in taking the iron clad oath.

MARRIED.

At St. Louis, Missouri, October 30, by J. Du Puget, D. D., Mr. JOHN MCCLURE, of Memphis, to Miss ELIZA A. BOLLMAN, of St. Louis.

To the fair bride, who was my friend and companion to childhood, I offer my store to and heart it a sacred shrine, with the hope that her early love to me may not age, and never pass a moment but of true heart happiness, and what the lack of the love from above may it flow to that I do not offer and which love from above may it flow to that I do not offer and which love from above may it flow to that I do not offer and which

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

SATURDAY, . . . DECEMBER 7, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail [daily]	1:30 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
Through Mail and Accommodation Daily, [Sun. excepted]	7:00 P. M.	7:30 P. M.
Way Freight, [Mon., Wed. and Fri.]	9:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

Trains at Main station, corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

MEMPHIS AND LA GRANGE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail and Express, Daily	4:30 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Way Freight, [except Sun.]	7:00 A. M.	8:00 A. M.

Trains at Union depot, foot of Main street.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	8:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Night Express	4:30 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Accommodation, [except Sun.]	6:00 P. M.	7:00 A. M.

Trains leave Mills Mail station, Depot foot of Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for a subscription to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, REDD & CRITTENDEN.

NOTICE.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE will from this date (7th day of December, 1867) refuse to pay the individual bills of any person connected with the paper. No debts against the AVALANCHE will be paid unless they originate in the office.

Services of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, in the Original Court House, Hospital building, to-morrow, at eleven A.M. and 3 P.M. Sabbath school at three p.m.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., will preach, by special invitation of the trustees, at this church, to-morrow morning, on the subject, "Brotherly Love." The members of Tabernacle Church and congregation are especially invited to participate in the services.

THANKS.—Mr. ASA HILL will accept our thanks for a file of late ATHENS papers.

HAPPY HOLLOW.—The various cases from this interesting locality were disposed of by 'Squire Miller. A Kane did not come in time, and the clan Sherry went off with flying colors.

GRAND LARCENY.—Henry Robinson was sent to jail yesterday, by 'Squire Black, charged with grand larceny. He will come for $2,000 bail, and had 10 cents in money.

DELIVERED UP BY HER BONDSMEN.—Maggie Stone, the woman who some time since made an assault with a butcher knife upon Mrs. Kinney, on Jefferson street, near the bridge, was yesterday placed in jail on a certiae.

DISTRAINED ON.—Thomas Goodman, who undertook to play the role of police-man without the authority of Beaumont, was fined fifty dollars for that offense, and an additional fifty dollars for committing a trespass.

BAD TOBACCO THIEF.—John Allen, who attempted, day before yesterday, to appropriate a box of tobacco from the establishment of Harris, Cochran & Co., on Front street, was yesterday committed by 'Squire Miller, in default of $1,000 bail.

A HOG THIEF.—Granville Marquis, although a Marquis by name is not a nobleman by nature, yesterday had several witnesses upon a hog, the property of Jerry Jenkins, for which he was bound over by 'Squire Miller for his appearance in the sum of $1,000.

ROOM ROBBERY.—The room of Mr. E. Watt, 272 Front street, was entered yesterday, and quite a haul made. The thieves succeeded in making off with two shirts, one silver mounted pistol—the property of Mr. Watt, and a coat and two pair of pantaloons belonging to W. B. Greiler.

ROBBERY.—The room of Mr. Geo. L. Florence, 360 Main street, was entered yesterday, and two pistols, a pair of pantaloons carried off. People should be careful at this time how their room doors are secured, for there are numberless sneak thieves prowling around, and what they will not pick up is certainly not worth carrying away.

THE OPERA HOUSE.—We think that the experience of the proprietors of the Greenlaw Opera House on Thursday night will prevent him, in the future, from renting his hall for the purpose of holding therein Radical pow-wows. The chairs in the Opera house are cushioned, and the negroes stood upon them with their muddy boots, and many of them are ruined forever. We do not think that less than a thousand dollars would repair the damages done to the Opera House on that night.

AGAIN IN TROUBLE.—Belle Clover some time since procured a lot of furniture to furnish her house, from a well known furniture dealer on Main street, on which he took a deed of trust. For a day or so past the movements of the fair Belle has excited much suspicion, and yesterday a portion of her furniture was discovered in an auction house, on Second street, for sale. The matter was traced up, and it was ascertained that the furniture had been moved at four o'clock in the morning, and that the attention of the sheriff will at once be town. This nice little game was dropped on, and for the present it is nicely blocked.

PERSONAL.—Colonel Ed. Yerger and Colonel John Bailey have been retained by the friends of the late Jim Mclaflin, to assist in the prosecution of Angelo Marre. The trial will commence, we understand, on next Monday, before Judge Hunter.

Sam. A. Lewis, agent of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad, left for New Orleans last night. Hon. John W. Ledbetter and Colonel Sam Tate, of this city, were in Washington on the 30th.

General J. S. Alcorn arrived in the city yesterday, and may be found at the Overton.

Major Scruggs, the genial bonifacer of the Corinth Hotel, is putting up at the Overton.

ST. PATRICK'S FAIR.—There was another very large attendance at the fair last night, and a still greater interest manifested in the voting and selling. Everything passed off pleasantly, and we are sure none attended who did not enjoy themselves. Persons who are fond of dancing here have an opportunity of gratifying their taste for that kind of amusement, while those fond of a quiet *tete a tete* can find the most beautiful and accomplished young ladies in the city to join them. Eyes of heavenly blue, raven ringlets, rosy cheeks, soon, etc. You who have not attended yet, do not fail to do so to-night. You that have will go again without the asking.

TOBIN, LYNCH & CO.—We passed by this establishment yesterday, and found all its employes as busy as bees. It seems to us that this firm has not much reason to complain of hard times, as they appear to have always receiving and shipping goods, and their store is constantly crowded with country customers. We do not know of a house in town which is doing a more flourishing cotton business, and this is really accounted for, because they have connected with this firm two of the most gentlemanly and expert cotton men in the city, whose country acquaintance is of long standing. Their store is one of the largest in the city, and well stocked. This firm lives up to notice on its own account, but sells it for its friends, and the sales are conducted in such a manner, and the returns are so promptly made that a continuance of the planters' business always results to them.

THE NEW MEMBERS.—Miss Price had a full house last night on the occasion of her benefit, and in the character of "Leah" she proved that her talents as an artiste were of the best. We have seen this personage many times, but never yet have we heard that trying elocutionary effort, the quasi, given with better or more thrilling effect, except perhaps by Miss Avonia Jones. The Herman of Mr. Frank Roche was good, and he seemed to enter into the feelings of the character with more than usual energy. We did not like Mr. Anderson's Eberstein. The sweet little Katy Gilbert appeared as Hermann's child, and the little business one had to do was childlike and natural. To-night, the last appearance of Miss Price, she will appear in "Under the Gaslight." On Monday night Miss Cecile Rush, tragedienne, will commence an engagement.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*Geo. W. Waldron, Judge.*—Adjourned on yesterday over to Monday, December 9th.

LAW COURT.—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—To-day motions will be heard. The Clerk will call the roll of attorneys, commencing at letter Y.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT.—*Judge Bunce, presiding.*—The cases set for trial to-day are those that remained undisposed of on yesterday:

[illegible]

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., will preach, by special invitation of the trustees, at this church, to-morrow morning, on the subject, "Brotherly Love." The members of Tabernacle Church and congregation are especially invited to participate in the services.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—The following causes will be taken up on hearing to-day:

[illegible]

BLOOMERISM.

A Frail Spouse Elopes with a Dry Goods Clerk.

Eighteen Glances vs. Eighteen Flashes.

The Runaway Couple are Stopped at Memphis.

The Fates, since time immemorial, have been noted for their hostility to the smooth and even course of love, which ever true love is not to be. There has always been a species of guerrilla warfare existing between them, and frequently in these conflicts Love has had to retire from the field, bested, with all his silken favors bedraggled in the mire, and his plumage much the worse from the encounter. We have this morning a story of illicit love to tell to our readers, and as all love stories should be [illegible] we keep copy still and proceed at once to the work. Some six years ago, a man bearing the name of Butler—reader, start not, we do not mean "spoons"—wooed and won the heart's young affections, (we also said, and the fool believed her), of one Nancy Jolce. We can not now tell upon the score of that interesting season, when his young heart knew for the first time the ecstatic pleasure of loving and being loved, nor can we tell how his pulse leaped and quickened at the approach of the loved one, who, but perhaps a few short weeks before, had laid her head upon his shoulder like the dove waiting to rest, and told him she was all, fondly his own. Our readers must spare us this, and imagine the couple married, with all the usual attendant incidents of orange flowers, bridesmaids, etc. His home her from her weeping friends to his home in Shoofly county, Orlic tendon county, Kentucky, where he had prudently established himself as a dry goods merchant, and was doing a thriving trade. The sessions came and went and few years, and the family circle of Butler was one of peace, contentment and love. He had gathered 'round him some of those priceless jewels which are the light of a father's eye, and as far as the world's goods were concerned he had no reason to complain. About this time he took into his employ a young man named F. N. Hill, who acted in the capacity of clerk. Hill soon commenced to pay marked attentions to the fair partner, Nancy, which were received in anything but a repellant manner. Hill was not long in seeing and taking advantage of this, and filled his willing heart with redoubled ardor and persistency. Nancy hesitated, and when a woman once hesitates between her duty and her inclination duty is generally the loser, but take a back seat. In short, Nancy fell, and about a year ago became the paramour of the man Hill. Each and every opportunity was taken for an interchange of the sentiments of their unholy love, while Butler moved along in the even tenor of his way, not dreaming for a moment that his Nancy had proven false to her marital vows. But soon he was to be rudely awakened from his dream of content to horrible [illegible]. The revelation when a respect for society placed upon them in the indulgence of their amour was becoming galling, and they determined to fly to Texas. Hill was to write Mrs. Butler was made the mother of another infant, which she determined to carry with her in her flight. Settling together all the money either of them could lay their hands upon, and also closing the gold watch of Mr Butler, they, one night about two weeks ago, disappeared from Stonewall, and were hastening to Texas as fast as steam could carry them, when the telegraph was put in requisition by the disbonored husband, and in the phrase goes, they were "struck by lightning." They reached Cairo in safety, and took passage on the steamer Belle Verrand, for New Orleans, but on "the best laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley," they got no further on their journey than Memphis, for immediately on the arrival of the steamer at our landing, they were waited on by Detective Saikirk and requested by him to pay a visit to Colonel Beaugnard's office, through respect to which people they finally agreed to do it, and both are now in the hands of the police. Shortly after the father-in-law of the fair Nancy arrived and used all his powers of persuasion to induce his erring daughter-in-law to return again to her home and the paths of virtue. But it was no use. She told him plainly that her darling Hill was the only man on the top of God's footstool who could make her happy, and she would sooner live with him in a log cabin and eat in luxury with her husband. Hill made the same asseverations in regard to Nancy, and thus the matter stands. During the progress of the affair, and before its culmination in flight, some of the most loving of love letters we have ever read passed between them, and to judge from Hill's style of composition, she has been well educated. In one of them, written in answer to one in which Hill accuses her of loving her husband, she indignantly denies the charge, and says: "You have accused me of loving Thomas (her husband); it is not so; I love none but you, and the world without you would be a howling desert." On reaching Hill, a number of these letters were found upon his person, about $350 in money and a gold watch. What disposition will be made of the fugitive couple, we know not; but whatever may be done, the readers of the AVALANCHE shall know on Sunday.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

A Young Man Cuts His Throat.

It is Bound Up—He Tears off the Bandage.—His Probable Death.

A most melancholy event occurred at Panola, Mississippi, a few days ago, rendered doubly painful from the relations and position of the party concerned. Charlie Leland, a young man of twenty-two or three years of age, residing with his mother and two sisters in Panola, who went through the late war unscathed, made a violent attempt to take his own life on Tuesday last. The circumstances, as related to us, are as follows: Mr. Leland went home on Tuesday afternoon, and walked into his mother's room with a straight razor, which he flourished in a manner that frightened her, who, seeing something so unusual in his manner, retreated from him as he approached. He told her he merely wished to shave and would do no harm. He had previously, however, ripped a pillow with the razor, and had shown other signs of insanity, and she suspected all was not right. When he went to his room, as he said, to sleep a while, she followed him, but he locked the door after he entered, and when he opened it to admit her, she found that he had cut his throat in several places with a little pocket knife he had armed himself with. Aid was summoned, and the gashes sewn up, which proved not to be dangerous, and strong hopes were entertained of his recovery. The next evening, while friends were sitting up with the wounded man, he asked for a knife, and when their suspicion was allayed by the request, he with his handsotore the wounds open again. Up to yesterday morning the poor man was still alive, but no hopes are now entertained of his recovery, and ere this death has put an end to his sufferings. Mr. Leland was a young man of the highest respectability, and a youthful one at that. He resided, and should he die he will leave many friends to mourn, with his mother and sisters, his unfortunate self. Temporary insanity was the cause of his violent attempt upon his own life. This much we know of his youthful career, that he entered the army, and, coming back from the army in which he served, his corpus wrecked, his cause lost, he did all that within him lay to retrieve the losses he had sustained.

BEECHER.

His Colored Friends Call upon Him.

Thursday night, after the adjournment of the Radical convention, the Beecherites—black, white and saddle-colored—formed in procession, and marched to the residence of their nominee for Mayor. Beecher had received an intimation of the intended raid, and he rushed frantically home to prepare for the reception of his expected guests. On his arrival, the first thing he did was to secretly and forcibly [illegible] his wife, and then, seized by any possible chance he carried away, and he placed his chicken-eaters under a [illegible] those little rabbits speedily opened upon the scene, and, hat in hand, the pauper hospital food-thief received them. They had played some tunes for them on the shovels, but when they came, and that the most appropriate, which they neglected—the "rogue's march"—they were taken inside, and a [illegible] and whites, were taken inside, and a mail developed negro-equality scene was the consequence. To the rabble outside who did the nominating and who are expected to do the voting, he distributed a barrel of apples, and entertained them with a few common place and silly remarks. We applaud that the Dr. Shiloh did not call upon his medical brother on this occasion to offer him his congratulations on the success of his last operation, but that a meeting took place yesterday, and the usual compliments were passed between the gentlemen. Great is Beecher, and Shiloh is his benedictus.

THE QUEEN BEES WASH.—Mrs. Jackson, the proprietress of this valuable preparation, is still at the Worthington House, and is prepared to wait upon her ladies with this article. It is, beyond doubt, a great beautifier, as the many voluntary testimonials in the possession of Mrs. Jackson from ladies of the highest respectability fully attest. Mrs. Jackson is at present engaged in making arrangements to remove to the city of Cairo, Illinois, and we know when once the article is introduced its own intrinsic merits will be its best advertisements. It is a harmless beautifier, and takes the roughest and sallowest skin soft and rosy as the face of young childhood. It removes tan, freckles, and all other imperfections to which the skin is liable. Mrs. Jackson will be happy to apply it to ladies calling on her at the Whitemore House, free of charge, and it may be had of her agents, or one of our first millinors, over Mr. Heidelt's dry goods store.

THE VARIETIES.—This place of amusement, on Washington street, is crowded nightly to witness the really good performances which Manager Bowers nightly provides for the pleasure of his visitors. The additions he has lately made to his company have added much to the attractions, and the house has one of the best variety companies in the South. When Dougle's company broke up here, he selected the best of the material of the different troops and engaged them for his theater, among whom we must mention "Pity-pat" DeVere and the Susie Hart sisters. The latter, as Champ Bowers would herself a general favorite, and no doubt she will do the same at the Varieties. Miss Hart-Hart, as a dancer, is unsurpassed in this city, and that, added to her charming, winning manners, must win for her hundreds of admirers.

THE DES ARC.—Our readers traveling up White river will be interested in knowing that Captain John Elliott, the well known commander of the fine mail packet White river packet Des Arc, has had his entirely overhauled, and fixed up in such a manner that she is to-day one of the most comfortable and best boats afloat on the lower Mississippi. It is the intention of Captain Elliott to place her permanently in the trade between this city and Des Arc, in which she has previously made much of a reputation, and we know that the friends of Captain Elliott and the public will patronize the steamer, will not forget this fact. She will be the regular Saturday packet, and will make her trips with that regularity which has always characterized Passengers could not commit a safer to more careful hands than the crew of the Des Arc, for we assure them they are all first class, from the cabin boy, assertive to all your wants, to the captain of the Burrimore roof, ever watchful and solicitous for your safety.

[CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATION.]

EDITORS AVALANCHE:—We desire to inform you, and, more particularly, through your paper, the public generally, that we have now on the way, and will open in a few days, one of the largest and most elegant stocks of carpets, oil cloths, rugs and mats that has ever been offered in this city. The patterns are all new, and of the most elegant designs, and will be sold regardless of cost. Due notice will be given of the opening day.

BOOTHE, TERRIBERRY & Co.,
276 KEY'S Building.

ALL ABOUT PIANOS, ORGANS, ETC.—In drawing the closest of any piano ever sold in this city. The fact that I have fallen back on first principles—work—I would respectfully solicit a continuance of their liberal patronage. Parties possessing pianos of Schomacker & Co.'s make, with my obligation to keep the pains in order for a certain time free of charge, will please leave orders at Miller Mason, Young & Hyde, 305 Main street, Longworth, Chapman & Boyle, No. 279½ Main street, or at H. H. Buchanan, No. 345 Second street, where all orders left for me will meet with prompt attention. Respectfully,
H. BERNARD.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—On the corner of Washington and Main streets, at eleven o'clock this morning, will be sold at public auction for cash, the entire stock of stoves, tinware, hamps, etc., by direction of the United States Marshal. W. H. Passmore & Co. are the auctioneers.

PREPARE FOR THE COMING.—Extra excitement may be expected at the Arcade to-day, as we are informed they are to have a general assortment of stock, with various other inducements at eleven o'clock the hour.

MOVING MACHINERY.—Messrs. George E. Dunbar & Co., have fitted up teams, wagons and drays, and are now prepared to move all kinds of merchandise, from store to store. They have two drays for and safe wagons, and can move heavy machinery, safes and blocks of stone upon the shortest notice and at the lowest rates. Any business gentlemen are expeditious in all they undertake, and this in connection with their very low prices, makes them a desirable firm to deal with. Their office is with Matthews & Alexander, No. 272 Second street. If you want safes, cotton, or anything else moved, give them a call.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Owing to the existence financial depression of the country, I have concluded that it is right and demanded, and I desire to meet my friends and the public, as far as I can afford; therefore, the storage of the Gayoso House is to let for and safe wagons, and can move heavy machinery, safes and blocks of stone upon the shortest notice and at the lowest rates. Any business gentlemen are expeditious in all they undertake, and this in connection with their very low prices, makes them a desirable firm to deal with. Their office is with Matthews & Alexander, No. 272 Second street. If you want safes, cotton, or anything else moved, give them a call.

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Planters buying plantation supplies, such as osnaburgs, jeans, kerseys, blankets, etc., should attend the great closing out sale at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. The stock must be sold, regardless of cost or value.

Good 4-4 domestics at twelve and a half cents, and a good suit of gents' clothes for six dollars, at H. L. Lowenstine & Bros.', 231 Main street. They are selling out.

M. Kraus & Co. will offer the largest stock of dry goods in the city, regardless of cost or value, for the next thirty days. Call and secure bargains.

First-class calicoes at twelve and a half cents, and good gallcoes twelve yards for one dollar, at H. L. Lowenstine & Bros.', Clay building. They are sacrificing goods, to close by the first of January.

Great inducements will be offered to wholesale dash buyers of dry goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams. It will pay to look at this stock.

Lonsdale 4-4 domestics, 20c per yard. Canton flannel, 20c per yard, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

The best prints at 12½c. per yard; the heaviest brown domestic 16c per yard, and all other goods in proportion, at M. Kraus & Co.'s great closing out sale, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams.

Money to loan, on collateral security. Apply at No. 280 Second street. 1w

TOYS AT WHOLESALE.—The best assortment in the city is at Keys' variety store, No. 349 Main street. 2t

Go and compare prices. You will find them lower than anywhere else at Mack Brothers & Bohm's.

Mack Brothers & Bohm have again reduced the prices of their immense stock of dry goods, boots, shoes and furnishing goods. 1w

Our prices will be seen to merit your patronage, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. tf

Great slaughter of dry goods at Mack Brothers & Bohm's. 1w

Read the new advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their prices have been again reduced. In keeping pace with the latest decline, and they mean to offer such inducements as will guarantee an easy sale. 1m

Miles' shoes for ladies and children, at reduced prices, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. tf

COAL! COAL! COAL!—For superior Pittsburg coal leave your orders at Bigley, Mollerah & Co.'s, No. 25 South Court. 1m

GREAT ATTRACTION.—Cheap clothing at 274 Second street, Ayers' block. Colonel W. L. Maxwell's old friends will find him there ready to attend to their wants. 1w

Field linseys, jeans, gray blankets, white blankets, flannels, all colors, gents' underwear, reduced twenty-five per cent. from last month's prices. 1m RICE, STIX & CO.

Bed blankets, balmoral and hoop skirts, shawls by the dozen, at the greatest reduction in price, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. tf

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock to be closed out—they are the lowest in order to secure an early sale. RICE, STIX & CO.

The place for bargains is at Drake & Co.'s, 277 Main street.

Drake & Co. are selling clothing and furnishing goods at *New York cost*. 277 Main street. tf

Great closing sale at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street, commencing Monday, November 11th. tf

A competent bookkeeper wants a situation. See want column.

We are determined to close out business, so will make a rare opportunity by not selling at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street.

Our entire stock at New York cost. Drake & Co., 277 Main street.

Good merino hose at 12c, for children, at Mackay Brothers.' 1w

We mean what we say. Drake & Co., 277 Main street.

Look at our city prices of fancy dress goods, Knit goods, shawls, cloaks, hosiery, Balmorals. They are all greatly reduced.
RICE, STIX & CO.

Read the advertisement of Lindauer, Arnold & Co., 311 Main street, in regard to their great closing sale.

Blankets sold at a great sacrifice at Mack Brothers & Bohm's.

GREAT ATTRACTION.—Cheap clothing at 274 Second street, Ayers' block. Colonel W. L. Maxwell's old friends will find him there, ready to attend to their wants. 1w

Our immense stock dress goods at prices that will insure a ready sale, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. tf

Rice, Stix & Co. have reduced prices of prints, brown and bleached muslins, and shawlings to almost sacrifice prices.

GREAT ATTRACTION.—Cheap clothing at 274 Second street, Ayers' block. Colonel W. L. Maxwell's old friends will find him there, ready to attend to their wants. 1w

We are determined to close out our stock; therefore, will sell at prices to suit everybody. Call and convince yourself.
MACK BROTHERS & BOHM,
281 Main street.

Employment wanted by a good accountant. Inquire of this office.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

NERVE GIVE IT US.—If you have tried all other remedies and have not been relieved, do not give it up, but procure immediately a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and Tar Expectorant, and you will soon be convinced that it is the only medicine in the world that will positively cure you. It has never been known to fail. Sold by all druggists everywhere. S. P. WISTAR & Co., general wholesale agents, No. 56 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

TRY IT.—Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment will relieve pain—the doctors confess it—the people know it. Sold by all druggists. Depot for the South, No. 56 Main street, Memphis, Tenn. Dr. TOBIAS, Sole Proprietor, No. 60 Cedar street, New York. Dr. TOBIAS' Horse Liniment is the best in the world. Sold by all druggists.

CONSTITUTION WATER is a certain cure for diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists.

EXERCISE OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who desire it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Those wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

A cough, a cold or a sore throat requires immediate attention and should be checked. If allowed to continue, irritation of the lungs, a permanent throat disease or consumption is often the result. Brown's Bronchial Troches, having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For public speakers, singers, ministers and all persons troubled with hoarseness, or any irritation of the throat, Brown's Troches are recommended. Singers and public speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches" and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. sodtm

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its medical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we know," and pledge our statements and position for the truth of what we say. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price only thirty-five cents per bottle. Office—24 Fulton street, New York; 205 High Holborn, London, England; 48 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada. sodly

RIVER NEWS.

AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SATURDAY, DEC. 7, 1867.

RUMOR SUB—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather cloudy and sultry, with indications of more rain. The river is declining slowly, with six feet large in Cairo and six and a half feet from here to Vicksburg. The Cumberland and Tennessee are rising, with prospects of sufficient rise to improve the lower Mississippi. The Ohio continues low, with less than three feet on the falls bars in the lower Ohio. The Arkansas was stationary at Little Rock yesterday, with less than three feet in the channel. A rise is reported at Fort Smith. White river is improving slowly, with three and a half feet in the channel at Augusta.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Glasgow, New Orleans.
" Belle Verrand, Cairo.
" Bella Vernon, St. Louis.
" John J. Roe, Cincinnati.
" Peter Balen, Peter Rust.
" Countess, Saint's Point.
" Alabama, Eagle River.
" Mississippi, no Orleans.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Glasgow, St. Louis.
" Belle Verrand, New Orleans.
" Bella Vernon, [illegible] Yazoo river.
" John J. Roe, Cincinnati.
" Kate Adams, Vicksburg.
" Mississippi, St. Louis.

IN PORT.

Bart Able, Vicksburg. Sam J. Mallory, Cruzatte, Victor No. 2
Delaware, Guidon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business on the wharf yesterday was moderate, with a fair list of arrivals and departures.

RUMOR OF THE FUTURE.—BOAT AND CARGO A TOTAL LOSS.—The Memphis and Pine Bluff packet Pigeon, in charge of Captain Tom Berry, which left here on Thursday evening bound for Pine Bluff, with the loss of miscellaneous freight, mostly groceries and supplies, struck an old wreck, yesterday morning at one o'clock, thirty miles this side of Helena, and sank. The boat and cargo are a total loss, the water is over her main deck, she is badly listed, and her whole bottom is torn out. The Pigeon was a good light freight boat, was six years old, and has been plying in the Arkansas river for three years. She was owned by the Memphis and Arkansas river packet company, and parties in Pittsburg; was valued at $9,000, and insured in Cincinnati offices for $7,000. The Mississippi, which passed up last night at nine o'clock, brought up her crew and passengers.

Captain W. G. Voris has purchased an interest in the new steamer Lake, and takes charge of the office.

Captain John B. Davis, formerly clerk of the Memphis and White river packet company, passed through Cincinnati, en route for home.

The Bart Able and Vicksburg were receiving cotton for New Orleans quite freely, last evening, and will leave to-day with all they want.

The Delaware, from Cincinnati, also had a large list of groceries and produce.

Captain Steve Wilkins assumes command himself as the people's candidate for the Wharfmaster. We erred in saying that he had rejected the nomination of the black and tan Convention. Captain Steve has given general satisfaction as Wharfmaster.

A man named E. F. Hill was arrested last evening on the steamer Belle Verrand, for running away with another man's wife. It seems the latter was clerking for a dry goods merchant in Paducah, and missed with his wife. The couple boarded the Belle Verrand at Cairo, and were registered for the same room. Suspicion was aroused, and the case was taken in hand by the M. P. detective force. The particulars of the above will be found in our local columns.

The Sunflower has arrived at Cairo, and will leave here on Tuesday next for New Orleans.

The superb and palatial passenger steamer Vicksburg was thoroughly overhauled, detained and refitted at Cincinnati, and left for a trip for New Orleans and the bends. She has superior passenger accommodations, and is in charge of careful and experienced officers. Captain Ben Rhodes, one of the most popular and best commanders on the Mississippi river, will have charge of the boat, while Mr. Ben Rhodes, gentleman and expert clerk, does the honors of the office.

It rained steadily at Nashville on Tuesday and Wednesday. The Cumberland river was rising, with a good boating stage, with a favorable prospect of a good rise both in the Cumberland and Tennessee. A rise from that quarter will improve the low water.

The Guidon, Captain Geo. Cable, is the regular Saturday White river United States mail packet. She is receiving at the wharf to-day, and will leave with a large and miscellaneous freight and a full list of passengers, for Duvall's Bluff with the Little Rock railroad, and will leave to-day at 5 o'clock P.M. for Cairo and St. Louis. Office—No. 5 Granite block.

The Bart Able, Captain Fleming, will leave on Monday next for New Orleans.

The W. J. Lewis, Captain Jesperson, will leave promptly to-day at 5 o'clock P.M. for Cairo and St. Louis.

Mr. E. H. Hopper, general freight agent of the Memphis and St. Louis Packet company, left last evening for St. Louis.

The new steamer Bismarck, building at St. Louis, is rapidly approaching completion.

The Lee Chamberlain plying between Pine Bluff and Napoleon.

The Ocean Wave arrived at St. Louis on Wednesday from Dubuque, en route to New Orleans, with four barges loaded with lead and zinc ore. She is carrying two barges to Napoleon, which she can transfer upright from one barge to another, thus facilitating her movements if any time she may succeed.

Captain Sam Hill will place the Day Ace in the Memphis and White river trade, leaving here every Saturday. She is being put in complete trim and will leave here on next Saturday for White river.

The Champion left last evening for Cincinnati with 700 bales of cotton, and 800 tons of miscellaneous freight. She was drawing eight feet of water, and a half foot more, and will have to await a rise in the Ohio before she is able to reach her destination.

The Glasgow and Isis passed up for St. Louis yesterday. The Glasgow received here three hundred bales of cotton for St. Louis.

Captain John Cobb, who is well known in these parts as an experienced and sincere steamboat man, will arrive in the city to-day, and will take charge of the Bart Able. He is a good, new building at Louisville, will be complete in a few weeks. She is a fine steamer, and will enter with the R. E. Lee and Natchez in the New Orleans and Memphis and Arkansas river packet trade.

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Mr. E. H. Hopper, general freight agent of the Memph

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY.
W. G. GALLAWAY, W. H. RHEA, W. C. CLUSKEY, } Editors and Proprietors.

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $2. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents subsequent insertions, in daily. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:
In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

An Excommunication Scene in an English Episcopal Church.

[From the London Star, October 17th.]

The Rev. T. B. Pollock, the "priest" of St. Albans, the most advanced ritualistic church in Birmingham, recently repelled a young woman from the holy communion. Having first warned the young woman privately that she would not be allowed to approach the Lord's table, Mr. Pollock—when she persisted in approaching it—openly denounced or "excommunicated" her, speaking from the pulpit, and warned the congregation to refrain from associating with her, lest they should be partaking of her sin.

Mr. Pollock, in accordance with a further provision of the rubric, reported what he had done to the Bishop of Worcester. On Sunday a number of her friends went in a body, in charge of the young woman, to St. Albans church, where it was arranged she should present herself for the holy communion. The church was exceedingly crowded, and a great number of people outside were unable to obtain admission. A select few guarded Miss Taylor near the altar. They laughed loudly at the ritualistic manner of conducting the service, and interrupted the sermon by coughing. Before the service was at an end, the crowd outside burst open the door and rushed in. The woman took fright, and hurried toward the altar as the only way of escape. As many as could get out left the church in terror. The dense crowd inside the church filled the aisles and stood upon the seats, the service being for a time put an end to. The conduct of the crowd being somewhat menacing, Mr. Pollock and his brother priests and choirists, appeared in a line on the lower step of the altar, with a large cross held in front of them, by the way of protection and of awing the crowd. In about ten minutes order was so much restored as to allow of the service being hurried through. There were few communicants, but the place was so crowded that Miss Taylor, like many others, was unable to approach the altar.

About Cognac Brandy.

The recent inauguration of a new railroad from Angoulme to Cognac, France, revives some traditions respecting the vinous productions of the latter city. Strange to say, the first manufacturer of brandy, which has obtained world-wide celebrity, was an Irishman of the name of Hennessy, and the second an English travelling agent, named Martell. In 1710 the latter established a small depot of brandy at Cognac, which has now extended to an establishment which covers a surface of four and a half English acres, containing 12,000 barrels of Cognac, the net value of which amounts to 8,000,000f, the profits per annum being rated at 720,000f sterling. Even these startling figures convey imperfectly an idea of the Martell establishment. Conceive a subterranean house, with galleries rising one above the other, and in each interminable rows of barrels. More surprising even is the aspect of the lowest gallery, filled by gigantic tons of the precious spirit, each of a size next to which the famous Heidelberg ton would appear a mere child's toy. In this gallery alone there is enough Cognac to make the inhabitants of one quarter of the globe drunk.

THE RUSH TO ELSONS'

GREAT CLEARING SALE

STILL CONTINUES.

JUST RECEIVED from New York Auctions, and will be included in this sale:

Children's All Wool Hose, 12½ cents per pair.
Double Blankets, All Wool, @ 75 per pair.
New Calicoes, best brands, 12½ cents per yard.

Our Lease expires on the first of January, and we shall positively Retire from Business after that date.
Now is your time to secure

Greater Bargains Than Ever!

Look at the Prices Below.

Owing to the great rush and the Extremely Low Prices at which we offer Goods, the prices are

For One Week Only.

Irish Linens, warranted, only 25 cents per yard.
English Cloth, only 12½ cents per yard.
Jouvin's Kid Gloves, only 50 cents per pair.
Ladies' Calf Shoes, $1 per pair.
Bleached Domestics, 8 to 10 cents per yard.
Double width Merinoes, 25 cents per yard.
Empress Cloth at all prices.

Right thing as to Fringe and other Fashionable Trimmings at half prices.

Having sold most of our stock of GENTS' CLOTHING we offer the balance of this stock at Half the Eastern Cost.

Ladies' Paper Collars and Cuffs, new styles.
Ladies' Hem-Stitched Handkerchiefs—cheap! cheap!
Cloth for Mens' and Boys' Clothing, for 35 cts to 75 cts per yd.
Fine all Wool Suitings—only 50 cts each.
Breakfast Shawls, Capes, Cloaks, and other goods too numerous to mention.

All must be Sold at any Price.

Boys' Shoes, all sizes, $1 per pair,
Boys' Boots, only $1 75 per pair.

Do not neglect this opportunity of supplying yourselves with good Goods at

Less than before the War.

This is an opportunity which will NEVER AGAIN OFFER. We shall positively quit Business after the first day of January, 1868.

Flax Thread, best quality, 75 cents per pound.

LOOK AT OUR Cheap Tables! LOOK AT OUR Cheap Tables!

For many useful and ornamental articles at Ruinously Low Prices.

Buttons, Tapes, Threads, Needles, Pins, etc.

☞ Remember, this is a CLEARING SALE! The entire Stock must go at any price.

ELSONS' MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,
397 Main Street

VENDIG & BROTHER,
No 226 Main Street.

WE would call the attention of the public to the fact, that we have entirely retired from the wholesale trade, having entirely closed out our premises, we are desirous of selling out the present

Stock of Dry Goods

At prices which we do not publish for a "PUFF AND BLOW," but would simply ask of a discriminating public to come and

LOOK AT THE GOODS

And then judge for yourselves. Adopting for our motto, "Honesty is the best policy," we shall adhere strictly to it in all the details of our business, and endeavor to give every satisfaction to those who favor us with their patronage. We do not intend "to give up business," or "honestly for a change," but shall sell goods at prices which are an advertisement of themselves, feel confident that an intelligent public will soon see the difference between

WORDS AND ACTIONS.

Remember, EVERYTHING IS REDUCED IN PRICE, and having one of the largest stocks in the city, we are certain of being able to suit you with what you want. We also have a very heavy stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Which we offer at greatly reduced prices.

The attention of WHOLESALE BUYERS is directed to the fact that our THREE STORY WAREHOUSE is full from roof to cellar, and we are always happy to show our goods to all parties contemplating purchasing.

VENDIG & BROTHER.
nov3 226 Main street.

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1868

"Scotland and St. Genevieve"

COTTON PLANTATIONS,

Adjoining each other,

CONTAINING 1200 acres, about 1,000 cleared, a large portion of above overflow, about five miles below Natchez, in Louisiana, immediately upon the river, and is considered one of the best cultivated for their productiveness, and most desirable on account of their location.

"Hodges" Cotton Plantation, about six miles from Natchez, containing about 1,200 acres opened, with stock, implements, etc. etc.

"Lenox Farm," Cotton Plantation, four or five miles from Memphis, Tenn., rich upland, well improved.

"Elmscourt," the former residence of A. P. Merrill, Jr., about two and a half miles from Memphis, Tenn. Large and elegant mansion, splendid stables, carriage houses, barns, billiard room, dairy, servants' quarters, gardens and fences. The house has splendid gas fixtures, bath rooms, and cold and hot water arranged throughout. Altogether one of the most elegant estates in the South.

"Retreat," adjoining Elmscourt, a nice farm, with improvements.

House and Lot, Vance street, Memphis; House and large Lot, Mulberry street, Memphis.

Some of the above property will be rented for one or more years. Apply to M. & A. ANDRUS, Natchez, Miss.; to MANDEVILLE, New Orleans; S. C. CREIGHTON, 34 Front street, Memphis, or to M. MERRILL, 16 McDougal street, New York city.

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our offices in No. 4, Kimball's Granite Block, Second, between Madison and Monroe streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and in apportioning, collecting, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of property lands, including said engineering, etc., also the Rental and Leasing department of our business, will receive special attention. Being a native citizen of this city and State, and well known to nearly a liberal patronage of the public is solicited.

D. G. KENNY.
J. B. PORTER.

For Rent or Lease.

A PLANTATION containing five hundred acres of land, in a good state of cultivation, convenient to a good landing on the Mississippi and the city of Memphis. Will be sold very cheap. Has had thirteen crops in succession made upon it. It will be rented for one year, or leased for a series of years. Is unsurpassed for fertility.

Apply to A. GOODMAN, Memphis, Tenn.; Dr. A. S. OWEN, Moon Lake Landing, Miss.

CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
379 Main Street, Jackson Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE are offering to our trade and customers, this season, a full and complete stock of

D. LANDRETH & SON'S

JUSTLY CELEBRATED GARDEN SEEDS.

Also, all the desirable varieties of Grass and Field Seeds, Fertilizers, Guano, Land Plaster, and Superphosphate of Lime or Raw Bone Dust, Garden Implements, &c.

R. G. CRAIG & CO.,
379 Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS

DRY GOODS FOR EVERYBODY.

$50,000 Slaughtered.

IGLAUER & PRITZ

Positive Closing Out Sale,

Will Wind up Business First of January.

Goods at Ruinous Prices.

EVERY ARTICLE REDUCED

COME AND SEE.

GOODS—PLAIN & FANCY

ALL ARE DOWN.

Our Motive—Clear them Out.

Final Sale.

IGLAUER & PRITZ.

No. 255 Main Street,

Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall. no27

GREAT BARGAINS

DRY GOODS AT COST

SOUTHERN PALACE

On and After November 25, 1867,

WE WILL SELL OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

AT NEW YORK COST.

HOWELL, WOOD & CO.,
No. 332 Main Street.

Collecting City Accounts.

WE, the undersigned Merchants of Memphis, believing a change in the time of collecting city accounts desirable, and for the benefit of all parties concerned, will, from and after this date, consider all accounts due and collectable on MONDAY of each week:

Martin Walt & Co.	Orgill Brothers & Co.
Paul M. Wentworth.	Mallory & Dunlap.
J. Frank & Co.	Hunt, Johnson & Co.
W. C. Jones & Andrews.	Bond, Bradley & Co.
H. Isaac.	Fontaine, Moore & Brother.
S. Hoffheimer & Co.	J. S. Bond & Co.
Brooks, Neely & Co.	Allen & Co.
Foster, Guyer & Co.	Allen, Wilkins & Co.
Jones, Adams, Rice & Co.	Crump & Co.
Clark, Riley & Co.	Spencer & Webb.
Briggs & Norton.	H. Kuhn & Brother.
Wellons, Rounds & Co.	Low Brothers.
Aydlett, Robinson & Co.	W. H. Girvin & Co.
Isidor Rosenbaum.	H. B. Downs & Co.
Schofield & Hainsler.	E. Ackerman.
Harris, Cochran & Co.	Wormser, Joy & Co.
Hairston, Gayer & Co.	Horwitz, Wood & Co.
Kee & Co.	Atwood & Anderson.
Lawrence, Carter & Co.	Hill, H. & Co.
J. M. Apperson & Co.	W. P. Wright.
Taylor, Cook & Co.	Simon Weiller.
A. Taylor & Co.	Hirschberg.
Toof, Phillips & Co.	Mr. Gould & Woodworth.
A. J. Stout & Co.	A. Eckerly.
A. Vaccaro & Co.	Finnie, Buckham & Chapman.
Ferguson, Cowles & Co.	L. Bocco & Co.
Newton Ford & Co.	Davis & Co.
Anderson, Gay & Bunker.	Mansfield & Higbee.
Meacham & Treadwell.	A. Sonnet & Son.
Merrill, Merrill & Co.	Mack Brothers & Bohm.
Peace, Park & Co.	Seckler, Richards.
Simpson, Crudden & Co.	Boling & Co.
Avery & Rogers.	E. Brown.
Barziza, Girard & Blakemore.	T. W. Jones & Co.
H. H. Metz.	J. Malmros.
J. & J. Stout & Co.	Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co.
John Rowan.	Mayer, Marshall & Co.
Newton & Co.	R. J. Dalcour & Co.
Meacham & Co.	Price, H. Yeamans.
Nailah Brothers & Co.	Tobin, Lynn & Co.
M. T. Garvin & Co.	R. N. Green & Co.
Morris, Lee & Co.	J. C. Ward.
M. Kinsella & Co.	Rice, Stix & Co.
Rice & Kogel.	D. Cunningham & Co.
Jones & Kirkley.	Mitchell & Mason.
M. Woll.	Lilly Brothers.
	Byrnes & McCown.
	Byrnes & Johnson.

MEMPHIS, November 25, 1867. no28

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE

No. 15 West Court Street.

S. C. TOOF, Prop'r.

SPECIAL attention will be given to Business Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Receipts, Checks, Drag Tickets, Bills of Lading, Account Sales, and all kinds of Mercantile Printing. no28

PRINTING INK!

TO COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS

THE best quality of NEWS INK in packages of fifty pounds and upward,

At Twenty Cents per Pound.

Shipped to any part of the country. Address or Apply to

AVALANCHE OFFICE.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

A RARE opportunity to purchase a Drug Store, at retail, nicely located, and doing a splendid remunerative business, is now offered by the owner, who is compelled to move to New York, and who will dispose of the same, together with its respective appointments, upon the most favorable terms. If early application be made.

A Large Bargain may be Obtained.

The fixtures and appointments for retail business are neat and passed.

☞ Refer to R. C. WINTERSMITH for particulars, who will take pleasure in showing the same and making known the terms. He can be found at No. 24 Main street. no28

SOMERVILLE INSTITUTE!

THIS SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

Was Opened on September 2, 1867,

Under the continued direction of the undersigned.

THE buildings are commodious and spacious; the situation is beautiful and healthy; the corps of teachers is full and efficient; the terms are moderate and in a retired part of the town, and furnished with both country and well water. No case of serious sickness has occurred in the Institute for two years.

CHARGES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

Tuition per session of twenty weeks.....$20 00
Music.....20 00
Use of Instrument.....2 00
Languages.....10 00
Incidental.....5 00
Board per month.....15 00

Pupils furnish their own towels, lights and bed covering. For further particulars address Somerville, Tenn.

R. W. RIVERS, Somerville, Tenn.

MONUMENTAL CATHEDRAL

TO THE

CONFEDERATE DEAD.

It is impossible, under military government, to carry this work on; all hands are at present employed in the South. Any failing to receive it, will address the "Vestry of St. Lazarus Church, Memphis, Tennessee."

J. W. ROGERS, Rector, etc.

Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile papers please copy. oct

Caution.

THE public are cautioned against the swindling operations of a man calling himself BEAUMAN, who has lately been traveling in Arkansas, representing himself as the agent of Messrs. Mansfield & Higbee, of this city, and selling a fraudulent roofing money. No such man is or has been in the employment in any capacity. The name is in all probability an assumed one. Our agents are Messrs. Lacon, Potter & Co., duly authorized by us.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE.
Louisville, Ky

For Sale.

300 BALES HAY.
200 sacks of Oats.
100 sacks of Chops.
100 barrels Cape Lime.
100 barrels of Flour.
50 barrels of choice Flour.
50 barrels of Meal.
10 casks Hominy.
10 barrels Ground Oil Cake.
On consignment and for sale by

TROUT, MOODY & CO.
29 Union street.

FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER.

Got one of them yet? Got one of what, Sir?

Why, one of the "Finley Churn Dashers."

Why do you ask me that question, sir?

BECAUSE one of them is needed, no doubt, and that badly, among your household conveniences, that the importers as an establishment have of churning may become an agreeable excitement to the ladies, upon whom such duties usually devolve.

What's the Article? What's the description? What's it do, pray, sir?

Well, it is simply two screw propeller wheels attached to the lower end of a staff or handle which is placed in the "old fashioned" churn of tub churn, and worked to the same motion as the "old fashioned churn" is worked, only it operates in different directions at every up and down movement of the "Dasher," completely disengaging and cutting the cream into the minutest particles; while at the same time by aid of the "air holes" in each wheel, a certain amount of the atmosphere is forced into the body of the cream, with constant currents of fresh air, thus creating by the simplest process known the true principles of "Good Butter Making."

Well, sir, is the thing simple—very simple?

Why, as very simple when seen, that not a word of explanation is necessary. Why "Bless," "Aunt Dinah," or the eight year old child can both UNDERSTAND and use it, and couldn't for their lives imagine any other purpose for it.

Is it Durable and Substantial, sir?

It is made of the best Sheet Zinc—will not rust—strong—neat, and with ordinary care, will last as long as you and your grand children's children.

Long enough. Well, my friend, does it make GOOD BUTTER and QUICK?

It does not only make good BUTTER, but almost ONE-FOURTH MORE, in a given amount of cream, under like circumstances—quickly and DELICIOUS, and in about ONE HALF THE TIME required by the use of the "old dasher." And, however, quite ready to confess that it will NOT make Butter as quick as the immortal "Five Minute" (old concentrator of ugh Churns fame as the result is MADE OF SOFT, LASTLY, GRINDING STUFF, instead of those RICH, CREAMY, WAXY, FIRM and LIVELY QUALITIES which constitute REAL GOOD BUTTER.

Well, sir, I have one of the "old fashioned" Churns—do not desire any more of several generations past, and do I understand you that nothing more is required than one of the "FINLEY DASHERS?"

Nothing else whatever to complete the SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST, and MOST SATISFACTORY CHURNING APPARATUS than the world has yet produced.

Well, friend, once more—excuse me, air-right well pleased, but a little suspicious. Can't help it. Are you sure this is not one of the "Yankee humbugs"—one of the "Machine Nothings," or one of the "Sick of the Universe Hums" sort of tricks; such as we have been accustomed to LOOK UP to, bring a "broad grass" title to the palm of our most fastidious spleens—but with somewhat of a change in the "programme and style" of late years, after many fruitless efforts to alter a trait or two. The "LIVELY QUALITIES which constitute REAL GOOD BUTTER.

Now, sir, I have one of the "old fashioned" Churns—do not desire any more of several generations past, and do I understand you that nothing more is required than one of the "FINLEY DASHERS?"